

A Study of AI-based Harbor Surveillance System

Dongkoo Shon, Jeongsik Kim, Tae Hyun Yoon, Woo-Sung Jung, Dae Seung Yoo
Intelligent Robotics Research Division
Artificial Intelligence Research Laboratory
Electronics and Telecommunications Research Institute
Daejeon, Republic of Korea
Email: {sdk, j.s.kim, thyoon0820, woosung, ooseyds} @etri.re.kr

Abstract

When ships of various types and sizes enter and depart from ports, the risk of collision between ships is high. In particular, collisions between large ships can lead to major accidents. In order to avoid crashes, it is important to quickly identify hazardous situations in advance using harbor surveillance system. But, the harbor surveillance system has limitations in that it continuously requires manpower and the criteria for judgment are different for each person. To solve this problem, we propose an AI based harbor surveillance system including image-based object recognition and abnormal situation recognition. Its superiority was proven through simulation. In the object recognition, YOLOv5, which had the best performance with an mAP of 0.953, was used. The abnormal situation was determined through the distance between the recognized objects, and the comparison of the determination results for 21.5 seconds (66 samples) showed 100%.

Index Terms

Harbor surveillance, Artificial intelligent, Object detection, Anomaly situation determination



Dongkoo Shon received the B.S. degree in Department of Computer Engineering and Information Technology, and the M.S. and Ph.D. degrees from the Department of Electrical, Electronics and Computer Engineering, University of Ulsan, in 2013, 2015, and 2022, respectively. He is currently a researcher with the Electronics and Telecommunications Research Institute (ETRI), Daejeon, South Korea. His current research interests are in AI application in industrial field.



Jeongsik Kim received the B.S. degree in system design and control engineering and the Ph.D. degree in mechanical engineering from Ulsan National Institute of Science and Technology, in 2014 and 2021, respectively. He is currently with Electronics and Telecommunications Research Institute. His research primarily focuses on multi-agent systems and digital twins for industrial applications.



Taehyun Yoon received the B.S., M.S., and Ph.D. degrees from the School of Electronics Engineering, Kyungpook National University, in 2005, 2007, and 2015, respectively. Since 2016, he has been a researcher with the Intelligent Robotics Research Division, Electronics and Telecommunications Research Institute (ETRI), Daejeon, South Korea. His current research interests include applied mobile communication, ship-IT convergence, and LoRa networks.



Woo-Sung Jung received the dual B.S. degrees in electrical and computer engineering and in information and computer engineering, and the M.S. and Ph.D. degrees from the School of Computer Engineering, Ajou University, South Korea, in 2007, 2009, and 2015, respectively. He is currently a Senior Researcher with the Electronics and Telecommunications Research Institute (ETRI), Daejeon, South Korea. His current research interests are in wireless networking, the Internet of Things, device-to-device communication, and embedded systems.



Daeseung Yoo received the B.S., M.S., and Ph.D. degrees from the Department of Computer Engineering and Information Technology, Ulsan University, in 1998, 2001, and 2011, respectively. Since 2009, he has been a Research Engineer with the Intelligent Robotics Research Division, Electronics and Telecommunications Research Institute (ETRI), Daejeon, South Korea. His current research interests include applied software engineering, mobile communication, ship-IT convergence, and ad hoc networks