Search and Recommendation Systems with Metadata Extensions

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Abstract— This paper proposes an AI-based video metadata extension model to overcome the limitations of video search a nd recommendation systems in the multimedia industry. Current video search and recommendation utilize pre-added metadat a. Metadata includes filenames, keywords, tags, genres, etc. This makes it impossible to make direct predictions about the co ntent of a video without pre-added metadata. These platforms also analyze your previous search history, viewing history, etc. to understand your interests in order to serve you personalized videos. This may not reflect the actual content and may rais e privacy concerns. In addition, recommendation systems suffer from a cold start problem, which is the lack of an initial ta rget, as well as a bubble effect. Therefore, this study proposes a search and recommendation system by expanding metadata in videos using techniques such as shot boundary detection, speech recognition, and text mining. The proposed method select s the main objects required by the recommendation system based on the object frequency and extracts the corresponding ob jects from the video frame by frame. In addition, we extract the speech from the video separately, convert the speech to tex t to extract the script, and apply text mining techniques to the extracted script to quantify it. Then, we synchronize the obj ect frequency and the transcript to create a single contextual data. After that, we group videos and clips based on the conte xtual data and index them. Finally, we utilize Shot Boundary Detection to segment videos based on their content. To ensure that the generated contextual data is appropriate for the video, the proposed model compares the extracted script with the v ideo's subtitle data to check and calibrate its accuracy. The model can then be fine-tuned by tuning and cross-validating the hyper-parameter to improve its performance. These models can be incorporated into a variety of content discovery and reco mmendation platforms. By using expanded metadata to provide results close to a search query and recommend videos with s imilar content based on the video, it solves problems with traditional search, recommendation, and censorship schemes, allow ing users to explore more similar videos and clips.

Keyword-Recommendation, Speech Recognition, Contextualized Data, Metadata



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