

Your Neighbors Are My Spies: Location and other Privacy Concerns in Dating Apps

Nguyen Phong HOANG, Yasuhito ASANO, Masatoshi YOSHIKAWA

Department of Social Informatics, Graduate School of Informatics, Kyoto University, Japan

hoang.nguyenphong.jp@ieee.org, asano@i.kyoto-u.ac.jp, yoshikawa@i.kyoto-u.ac.jp

Abstract—Trilateration has recently become one of the well-known threat models to the user's location privacy in location-based applications (aka: location-based services or LBS), especially those containing highly sensitive information such as dating applications. The threat model mainly depends on the distance shown from the targeted victim to the adversary to pinpoint the victim's position. As a countermeasure, most of location-based applications have already implemented the "hide distance" function to protect their user's location privacy. The effectiveness of such approach however is still questionable. Therefore, in this paper, we first investigate how popular location-based dating applications are currently protecting their user's privacy by testing the two most popular GLBT-focused applications: Jack'd and Grindr. As one of our findings, we then demonstrate how an adversary can still figure out the location of the targeted victim even when the "hide distance" function is enabled. Our threat model is simply an enhanced version of the trilateration model. Without using sophisticated hacking tools or complex attack techniques, the model is still very effective and efficient at locating the targeted victim, and of course in a so-called "legal" manner since we only utilize the information that can be obtained just as same as any other ordinary user. In addition, we also introduce a potential side channel attack fashion due to the current design of Jack'd. Our study thus raises an urgent alarm to those location-based applications' users in general, and especially to those GLBT-focused dating application's users about their privacy. Finally, the paper concludes by suggesting some possible solutions from the viewpoints of both the provider and the user considering the implementation cost and the trade-off of utility.

Keyword— Location-based Application, Location Privacy, User Privacy, Trilateration, GLBT-focused Applications, Grindr, Jack'd



Nguyen Phong HOANG was born in Tien Giang Province, Vietnam in 1992. He received his undergraduate degree in Business Administration majoring in Information & Communications technology (ICT) from Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University, Japan. He is presently pursuing his graduate studies at the Graduate School of Informatics, Kyoto University, Japan. His research interests include information security, privacy and anonymous communication. He hopes to advance his research on Tor (The Onion Router), one of the most robust anonymous tools, during his graduate studies. He has participated in annual ICACT since 2014. In the 16th International Conference on Advanced Communication Technology, he received Outstanding Paper Award from the Conference Committee. He has been an IEEE member since 2013.



Prof. Yasuhito ASANO received the BS, MS, and DS degrees in information science, the University of Tokyo in 1998, 2000, and 2003, respectively. In 2003-2005, he was a research associate in the Graduate School of Information Sciences, Tohoku University. In 2006-2007, he was an assistant professor in the Department of Information Sciences, Tokyo Denki University. He joined Kyoto University in 2008, and he is currently an associate professor in the Graduate School of Informatics. His research interests include web mining, network algorithms. He is a member of the IEICE, IPSJ, DBSJ, and OR Soc. Japan.



Prof. Masatoshi YOSHIKAWA received the BE, ME, and PhD degrees from the Department of Information Science, Kyoto University in 1980, 1982, and 1985, respectively. From 1985 to 1993, he was with Kyoto Sangyo University. In 1993, he joined the Nara Institute of Science and Technology as an associate professor in the Graduate School of Information Science. From April 1996 to January 1997, he was in the Department of Computer Science, University of Waterloo as a visiting associate professor. From June 2002 to March 2006, he served as a professor at Nagoya University. From April 2006, he has been a professor at Kyoto University. His current research interests include database technologies and their application to medical and healthcare domains. He is a member of the ACM, IEICE, IPSJ and DBSJ.